



Baudin's Cockatoo

Uses its long bill to extract seed from a Marri nut. The male's bill is blackish and the female's bill is greyish.

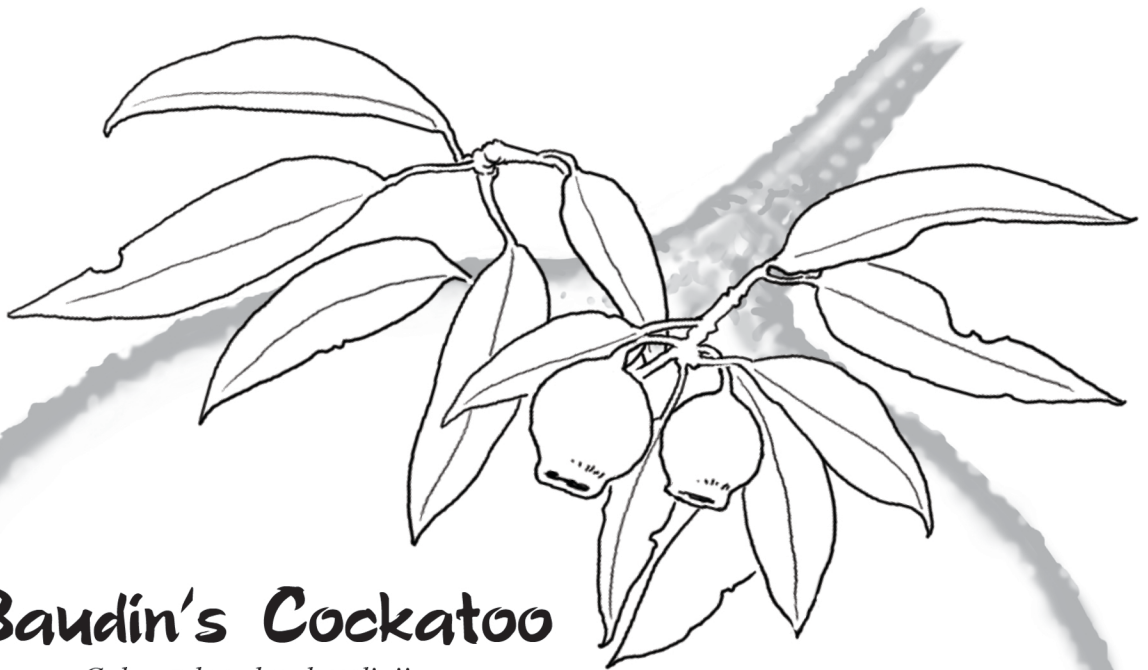
It has a short "Whicha-Whicha" call.

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Baudin's Cockatoo

Calyptorhynchus baudinii

Named in honour of French explorer Nicolas Baudin.

Birds are brownish-black in colour with whitish-yellow feathers over the ears.

Male has a blackish bill and pink skin around its eyes.

Female has greyish bill and grey skin around its eyes.

Only found in Western Australia (endemic) in south-west area from just near Perth south and east to Albany.

Threatened because numbers have declined over last 50 years.

Large numbers still being shot by some orchardists.

Found in southern eucalypt forests and feeds mainly on Jarrah, Marri and Karri.

Also feeds on Banksia, Hakea and fruiting apples and pears.

Loves drinking nectar from flowers.

Strips bark from trees in search of beetle larvae.

Uses a long bill to extract the seeds from Marri etc.

Lives for 25–50 years.

Nests in hollows of very old Karri, Marri, Wandoo, Tuart and Bullich trees.

One or two eggs laid, only the female incubates (sits on) the egg(s).

Male feeds the female whilst she is on the nest.

More details in the Information Sheet on www.cockatooCare.com.au web site.

